Limited Liability Companies: Member Managed, At Will v. Term

Provision	South Carolina LLC Act		
	Member Managed,	Term	
	At Will		
Admission of new members	33-44-503(a)	Same	
	Unanimous consent of members		
Member right to transfer	33-44-502 Distributional interest only	Same	
Rights of Transferee	33-44-503(e)	33-44-503(e)	
(arising from dissociation,	Receive Distributions only	Receive Distributions only	
transfer, or charging order)	33-44-801(b)(5)	33-44-801(b)(5)	
	Seek Judicial Dissolution	Seek Judicial Dissolution at end	
	at any Time (can be eliminated)	of Term (can be eliminated)	
Event of Dissociation	33-44-601	Same	
Eveni of Dissociation	Withdrawal	Same	
(Other events are bankruptcy,	• Specified event in O.A.		
appointment of guardian or	Transfer of entire		
conservator, judicial	interest (not by charging		
determination of incapacity)	order not forclosed)		
	Death		
	 Transfer by estate or 		
	trust		
Events of Dissolution	33-44-801(b)(3) Member dissociation for any		
(O.A may provide that	reason unless remaining		
dissociation does not cause	members agree to continue.		
dissolution)	33-44-603(1)	22.44.602(2)	
(O A manualiminate the	If the dissociation does cause	33-44-603(2) If the dissociation does cause	
(O.A. may eliminate the mandatory purchase of	dissolution, dissociated member's distributional interest must be	dissolution, dissociated member's	
dissociated member)	immediately purchased by the	distributional interest must be	
	company under Article 7.	purchased by the company at end	
	33-44-801(5)	of term	
	Dissociated member's right to	33-44-801(5) Dissociated member's right to	
	petition for dissolution cannot be waived	petition for dissolution cannot	
	be warved	be waived	
Rights of Dissociated Member	33-44-701(a)(1)	33-44-701(a)(2)	
(the right of a transferee to seef	Right to immediate mandatory purchase if not eliminated by	Right mandatory purchase at end of term if not eliminated by	
judicial dissolution may be	O.A.	O.A.	
eliminated by the OA)	33-44-801(5)	33-44-801(5)	
	Dissociated member's right to	Dissociated member's right to	
	petition for dissolution cannot be waived	petition for dissolution cannot be waived	
	33-44-703	33-44-703	
	May bind company for 2 years	May bind company for 2 years	

Provision	South Carolina LLC Act		
	Member Managed, At Will	Term	
Right to withdraw	33-44-602(a) OA may eliminate the right to withdraw OA may eliminate the right to transfer membership	33-44-602(a) OA may eliminate the right to withdraw OA may eliminate the right to transfer membership	
Rights of transferee (Not a dissociated member)	33-44-502 Right to distributions only 33-44-503 Unanimous consent to become member The rights of a <i>Transferee</i> and a <i>dissociated member</i> are not the same; the right to seek judicial	33-44-502 Right to distributions only 33-44-503 Unanimous consent to become member The rights of a <i>Transferee</i> and a <i>dissociated member</i> are not the same; the right to seek judicial	
	dissolution may be eliminated for a transferee	dissolution may be eliminated for a transferee	
Valuation of Purchased Interest under 702	33-44-701(c) OA may fix price and terms 33-44-702 Default value is "fair value"	33-44-701(c) OA may fix price and terms 33-44-702 Default value is "fair value"	
Rights of Creditors	33-44-504 exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a member or a transferee may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment debtor's distributional interest in a limited liability company. Comment to 44-504	33-44-504 exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a member or a transferee may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment debtor's distributional interest in a limited liability company	
OA may eliminate right of creditor transfereeto seek judicial dissolution	the distributional interest of a member or <u>transferee</u> is limited to the member's right to receive distributions from the company and to seek judicial liquidation of the company.		

Only the decedent's distributional interest transfers to the decedent's estate, which does not acquire the decedent member's management rights. Section 33-44-603(b)(1) The member's death causes dissociation The effect of the dissociation where the company does not dissolve depends upon whether the company is at-will or term and whether manager managed The estate and its transferees have the right to make application for a judicial dissociation of the company under Section 33-44-801(b)(5) as successors in interest to a dissociated member Where company is member managed, death will result in a transfer of management rights to the remaining members on a proportionate basis. Obligation to contribute money, property, or other benefit to, or to perform services for, a limited liability company. § 33-44-601(8)(i). the member's death causes dissociation: If term company, the estate and its transferees to distributional interest must be purchased by the company at fair value at the date of death The estate and its transferees have the right to make application for a judicial dissolution of the company under Section 33-44-801(b)(5) as successors in interest to a dissociated member. Where company is member managed, death will result in a transfer of management rights to the remaining members on a proportionate basis. This transfer of rights may be avoided by a provision in an operating agreement extending	Provision	South Carolina LLC Act		
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	The effect of the dissociation where the company does not dissolve depends upon whether the company is <u>at-will</u> or <u>term</u> and whether <u>manager-</u>	Unless otherwise agreed, if the company <u>at-will</u> , the estate's distributional interest <u>must be purchased</u> by the company at fair value at the date of death The estate and its transferees have the right to make application for a judicial dissolution of the company under Section 33-44-801(b)(5) as successors in interest to a dissociated member Where company is <u>member managed</u> , death will result in a transfer of management rights to the remaining members on a	rights until the expiration of the specified term that existed on the date of death Before term, the estate and its transferees have the right to make application for a judicial dissolution of the company under Section 33-44-801(b)(5) as successors in interest to a dissociated member. Where company is member managed , death will result in a transfer of management rights to the remaining members on a proportionate basis. This transfer of rights may be avoided by a provision in an operating agreement extending the Section 33-44-701(a)(1) atwill purchase right to a decedent	

Although a member is dissociated upon **death,** the effect of the dissociation where the company does not dissolve depends upon whether the company is at-will or term and whether manager-managed. Only the decedent's distributional interest transfers to the decedent's estate which does not acquire the decedent member's management rights. See Section 33-44-603(b)(1). Unless otherwise agreed, if the company was at-will, the estate's distributional interest must be purchased by the company at fair value determined at the date of **death.** However, if a term company, the estate and its transferees continue only as the owner of the distributional interest

with no management rights until the expiration of the specified term that existed on the date of **death.** At the expiration of that term, the company must purchase the interest of a dissociated member if the company continues for an additional term by amending its articles or simply continues as an at-will company. See Sections 33-44-411 and 33-44-701(a)(2) and Comments. Before that time, the estate and its transferees have the right to make application for a judicial dissolution of the company under Section 33-44-801(b)(5) as successors in interest to a dissociated member. See Comments to Sections 33-44-801, 33-44-411, and 33-44-701. Where the members have allocated management rights on the basis of contributions rather than simply the number of members, a member's **death** will result in a transfer of management rights to the remaining members on a proportionate basis. This transfer of rights may be avoided by a provision in an operating agreement extending the Section 33-44-701(a)(1) at-will purchase right to a decedent member of a term company.

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